

June 06, 2024

Beth Sandness Bronaugh R-VI School District 527 6th Street Bronaugh, Missouri 64728

Project: Limited Lead in Drinking Water Testing Address: 527 6th Street, Bronaugh, Missouri 64728

Mrs. Beth Sandness

On May 8, 2024, Kameron O'Donnell of Axiom Service Professionals (ASP), conducted lead in drinking water resampling at the above referenced address. Inspector certification is provided in Appendix A. Sampling locations were derived from previously elevated water sources selected for retesting by the Bronaugh R-VI School District. A total of 3 samples were collected from various potential drinking water outlets including sources used for drinking, cooking, or cleaning of cooking and eating utensils in the building.

Drinking Water Standards

The use of lead solder and other lead-containing materials as defined in the EPA Safe Drinking Water Act in connecting household plumbing to public water supplies was prohibited as of 1986. The act established the definition of "lead free" to be less than 8% as a weighted average across wetted surfaces of a pipe, pipe fitting, plumbing fitting, and fixture and 0.2% lead for solder and flux. In 2011, the definition of "lead free" as it applied to wetted surfaces of a pipe, pipe fitting, and plumbing fitting and fixture was reduced from 8% to 0.25% as a weighted average. Many older structures still have lead pipe or lead-soldered plumbing internally, which may substantially increase the lead content of water at the tap. Nationwide regulations controlling the lead content of drinking-water coolers in schools went into effect in 1989.

In 1991, the EPA published the Lead and Copper Rule establishing limits on the amount of lead and copper in drinking water. This regulation can be found under 40 CFR Part 141, Subpart I. Reference: https://www.epa.gov/dwreginfo/lead-and-copper-rule

The EPA has set lead in drinking water standards as outlined below.

• For lead, the maximum contaminant level goal (MCLG) is zero. This is the levels determined to be safe by toxicological and biomedical considerations, independent of feasibility. EPA's National Primary Drinking Water Regulations for Lead establish a treatment level of **0.015 mg/L** or **15 ppb** (parts per billion) in municipal drinking water systems.

The Missouri Senate Bill 681 "Get the Lead Out of School Drinking Water Act", passed in 2022, has set the standard summarized below.

Reference: <u>https://www.senate.mo.gov/22info/BTS_Web/Bill.aspx?SessionType=R&BillID=71259862</u>

- On or before January 1, 2024, each school shall conduct an inventory of all drinking water outlets and all outlets that are used for dispensing water for cooking or for cleaning cooking and eating utensils in each of the school's buildings. A plan for testing should then be developed, prioritizing early childhood education programs and elementary schools, and made available to the public.
- The bill outlines that beginning in the 2023-2024 school year and for each subsequent school year, each school shall provide drinking water with a lead concentration below five parts per billion (5 ppb). Any school with greater than or equal to 5 ppb shall provide results and remediation plans to parents and staff within 7 business days of receiving results.

Water Sampling Methods:

Water samples were collected from each selected location as "first draw" and/or "flush". First draw samples typically represent worst case sample results. A flush sample is typically collected to determine if an elevation is originating beyond the fixture in the fixture supply line or beyond. Samples were deposited into a non-preserved 250-milliliter sterile Nalgene screw top bottle. Immediately following sample collection, the samples were delivered to Keystone Laboratories located at 8857 Long Street, Lenexa, Kansas 66215. Upon arrival at the laboratory, samples were preserved through addition of nitric acid.

Keystone Laboratories is accredited through the Missouri Department of Natural Resources for analysis of lead in water.

Below is a summary of the water sampling results as reported in Appendix C by Keystone Laboratories. Results exceeding the applicable drinking water standards are shown in red text.

| Sample # | Location | Source Under Test | Test Type | Lead Result (ppb) |
|-----------|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| 527-1-RDF | AG Building - Shop East Wall | Sink Tap | Retest - First Draw | 15.7 |
| 527-4-RDF | AG Building - Room F100c | Sink Tap | Retest - First Draw | 3.4 |
| 527-5-RDF | AG Building - Room F100b | Sink Tap | Retest - First Draw | 3.6 |

May 8, 2024 Water Sampling Results:

Photos of the sampling locations are provided in Appendix D. A diagram containing identifiers on the outlets tested is provided in Appendix E.

Short-Term Control Measures

- Per the State of Missouri Senate Bills Nos. 681 & 662, a remediation plan should be developed and executed.
- Take immediate steps to prevent use from the failed source(s).
- Shut-off problem outlets
- Post "Not for Drinking/Cooking" at Problem Outlets. If initial sample results from an outlet(s) exceed the remediation trigger level, but are not routinely used for human ingestion (e.g., handwashing), clear signage can be posted to notify people that the outlet is not to be used for drinking or cooking until the problem is resolved.
- Consider performing follow-up flush testing in order to attempt to identify what component within the system is the source of the elevated lead concentration. This testing will assist to pinpoint where lead is getting into drinking water (i.e., fixtures versus interior plumbing) so that appropriate corrective measures can be taken.
- Shut-off or disconnection of problem outlets can provide a permanent solution. If the outlet is frequently used, this likely is not a practical long-term solution.
- Provide point-of-use (POU) filters at problem taps. Filters need routine maintenance (e.g., cartridge filter units need to be replaced periodically) to remain effective.

Permanent Control Measures

- Per the State of Missouri Senate Bills Nos. 681 & 662, a remediation plan should be developed and executed.
- Replacement of Problem Outlets and any identified upstream plumbing components (e.g., valves, leaded solder) to permanently address the problem. EPA's revised March 2015 guidance, How to Identify Lead-Free Certification Marks for Drinking Water System & Plumbing Products, can be a useful resource selecting leadfree plumbing.
- Provide point-of-use filters (POU) at problem taps as a long-term or permanent control measure. When doing this, facilities should be sure to create maintenance schedules and identify a point of contact to be in charge of making sure they are properly maintained.
- Reconfigure Plumbing. Ongoing renovation of school or childcare buildings may provide an opportunity to modify the plumbing system to redirect water supplied for drinking or cooking to bypass sources of lead contamination. Before undertaking such an alternative, be certain that you have properly identified all of the sources of lead contamination in drinking water.
- Remove and replace any drinking water coolers or drinking water outlets that the United States Environmental Protection Agency has determined are not lead-free under the federal Lead Contamination Control Act of 1988, as amended; except the school shall not be required to replace those drinking water outlets or water coolers that tested in accordance with state regulations and have been determined to be dispensing drinking water outlet or water cooler shall be subject to all testing requirements and shall not be excluded from testing under subsection 10 of the Missouri Senate Bills Nos. 681 & 662, Section 160.077.
- Consider filtration of incoming water at the point of entry (POE) to the building.

Required Communication

- Contact staff and parents via written notification within seven (7) business days after receiving the test result.
- The notification shall include at least:
- The test results and a summary that explains such results;
- A description of any remedial steps taken; and
- A description of general health effects of lead contamination and community specific resources; and
- Provide bottled water if there is not enough water to meet the drinking water needs of the students, teachers, and staff.
- Submit such annual testing results to the Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services (DHSS).
- Before August 1, 2024, or the first day on which students will be present in the building, whichever is later, and annually thereafter, each school shall conduct testing for lead by first-draw and followup flush samples of a random sampling of at least twenty-five percent (25%) of remediated drinking water outlets until all remediated sources have been tested as recommended by the 2018 version of the United States Environmental Protection Agency's "Training, Testing, and Taking Action" program. The testing shall be conducted and the results analyzed for both types of tests by an entity or entities approved by the department.
- Any measures taken to remediate any elevated lead levels identified must be recorded and documented.

General Recommendations

- Retesting of all potential cooking and drinking water sources is required five (5) years from previous testing completed.
- If the condition changes or significant alterations to existing plumbing is undertaken, consider performing additional lead in drinking water sampling.
- Ensure that the plumbing system is not used as an electrical ground.
- If equipment is added that could affect water pH, alkalinity, or hardness, consider performing lead in drinking water sampling.

Any work resulting from this report should be conducted in accordance with the EPA Safe Drinking Water Act, Missouri SB 681 & 662, HUD Lead Regulations 24 CFR 35, EPA Lead Regulations 40 CFR 745, and Consumer Product Safety Commission document #5056.

If you have any questions concerning this report, please contact me at 816-678-7894.

Sincerely,

Jeff thirst

Jeff Hurst Axiom Service Professionals LLC jeffh@axiomservicepros.com

Limitations Drinking Water Testing

The presence or absence of lead and copper (if collected) in drinking water applies only to the test locations on the date of the field visit and it should be understood that conditions may change due to deterioration, pH, alkalinity, hardness, use levels, or maintenance. The results noted within this report were accurate at the time of the evaluation and in no way reflect the conditions at the property before or after the date of the evaluation. No other environmental concerns or conditions were addressed during this evaluation.

Appendix A Certifications

STATE OF MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND SENIOR SERVICES

LEAD OCCUPATION LICENSE REGISTRATION

Issued to:

Kameron G. O'Donnell

The person, firm or corporation whose name appears on this certificate has fulfilled the requirements for licensure as set forth in the Missouri Revised Statutes 701.300-701.338, as long as not suspended or revoked, and is hereby authorized to engage in the activity listed below.

> Lead Inspector Category of License

Issuance Date: Expiration Date: License Number:

4/13/2022 4/13/2024 220413-300006264

Danes I. nichels

Paula F. Nickelson Acting Director Department of Health and Senior Services

Lead Licensing Program, PO Box 570, Jefferson City, MO 65102.

STATE OF MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND SENIOR SERVICES

LEAD OCCUPATION LICENSE REGISTRATION

Issued to:

Jeffrey A. Hurst

The person, firm or corporation whose name appears on this certificate has fulfilled the requirements for licensure as set forth in the Missouri Revised Statutes 701.300-701.338, as long as not suspended or revoked, and is hereby authorized to engage in the activity listed below.

> Lead Risk Assessor Category of License

Issuance Date: Expiration Date: License Number: 8/1/2022 8/1/2024 000801-200166567

Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services Lead Occupation License - ID Badge License Number:

000801-200166567

Lead Risk Assessor

Jeffrey Hurst Expiration Date: 8/1/2024

Daves I. Nichels

Paula F. Nickelson Acting Director t of Health and Senior Services

son City, MO 65102

Appendix B EPA Listed Lead Containing Drinking Fountains

(Drinking Fountains were not included with this sampling.)

Appendix C-Water Cooler Summary

| | Table C-1 Water Coolers With Other Lead Components | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|--|---|--|--|--|-------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| EBO | CO Manufact | uring | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ٠ | All pressure bubbler water coolers with shipping dates from 1962 through 1977 have a bubbler valve containing lead. The units contain a single, 50-50 tin-lead solder joint on the bubbler valve. Model numbers for coolers in this category are not available. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ٠ | The follow solder joint | | pressure bul | bbler coolers j | produced from | m 1978 throu | agh 1981 con | tain one 50-5 | 0 tin-lead | | | | |
| | CP3 DP16M WTC10 DP20-50 CP3-50 CP10 | DP15W DP5S DP13M-60 DP7SM DP13M DP20 | DPM8 C10E DP14M DP10X DP3RH DP12N | 7P PX-10 CP10-50 DP13A DP5F DP7WM | 13P DP7S CP5 DP13A-50 CP3M DP14A-50/0 | EP5F | DP15M DP7M DP15MW DP5M 13PL | DP3R DP7MH DP3R DP10F DP8AH | DP8A DP7WD DP14S CP3H DP13S | | | | |
| Hak | sey Taylor | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ۰ | Lead solde | r was used in | these models | s of water coo | lers manufact | tured betwee | n 1978 and th | he last week o | of 1987: | | | | |
| | WMA-1 SCWT/SCWT-A SWA-1 DC/DHC-1 S3/5/10D BFC-4F/7F/4FS/7FS S300/500/100D DC/DHC-1 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ٠ | The following coolers manufactured for Haws Drinking Faucet Company (Haws) by Halsey Taylor from November 1984 through December 18, 1987 are not lead-free because they contain 2 tin-lead solder joints. The model designations for these units are as follows: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | HC8WT HC14FL HC4FH | HC14F HC14W HC10F | HC6W HC2FH HC16WT | HWC7D HC14WTH HCBF7HO | | HC14FH HC4F HC8FH | HCSF HC4W | HC2F HC14WL HWC7 | HC14WT HCBF7D | | | | |

| Halsey | Taylor Water Co | olers With | Lead-Lined | Tanks |
|--|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| The following six model number | s have one or more | e units in th | e model serie | s with lead-lined tanks: |
| WM8A WT8A GC10A | CR GC10A | GC5A | RWM13A | |
| The following models and serial | numbers contain le | ad-lined tar | dcs: | |
| WM14A Serial No. 843034 WT21A Serial No. 64309550 | WM14A Seria WT21A Serial | | | WT11A Serial No. 222650 LL14A Serial No. 64346908 |

Appendix C Laboratory Analytical Report



Microbac Laboratories, Inc., Lenexa

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

3HE0093

AXIOM Service Professionals

Project Name: AG Building

Jeff HurstProject / PO Number: AG BuildingPO Box 47166Received: 05/15/2024Kansas City, MO 64188Reported: 05/24/2024

Work Order Special Information

Client AG Building

Analytical Testing Parameters

| Client Sample ID: Sample Matrix: Lab Sample ID: | 527-1-RDF Drinking Water 3HE0093-01 | | | | | Collected B Collection I | - | Client 05/08/ | 2024 10:40 | |
|---|---|-----------------------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------------------------|----------|------------------|---------------|---------|
| | | Analyses Performed by | y: Microba | c Laborato | ries, Inc | ., Newton | | | | |
| Determination of Tota | al Metals | Result | RL | Units | DF | Note | Prepared | | Analyzed | Analyst |
| 200.8 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lead, total | | 15.7 | 0.4 | ppb | 2 | | 05/24/2 | 24 0227 | 05/24/24 0227 | RVV |
| Client Sample ID: | 527-4-RDF | | | | | | | | | |
| Sample Matrix:Drinking WaterLab Sample ID:3HE0093-02 | | | | | | Collected B Collection [| - | Client 05/08/ | 2024 10:39 | |
| | | Analyses Performed by | y: Microba | c Laborato | ries, Inc | ., Newton | | | | |
| Determination of Total Metals | | Result | RL | Units | DF | Note | Prepared | | Analyzed | Analyst |
| 200.8 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lead, total | | 3.4 | 0.4 | ppb | 2 | | 05/24/2 | 24 0241 | 05/24/24 0241 | RVV |
| Client Sample ID: Sample Matrix: Lab Sample ID: | 527-5-RDF Drinking Water 3HE0093-03 | | | | | Collected B Collection I | - | Client 05/08/ | 2024 10:38 | |
| | | Analyses Performed by | y: Microba | c Laborato | ries, Inc | ., Newton | | | | |
| Determination of Tota | al Metals | Result | RL | Units | DF | Note | Pre | pared | Analyzed | Analyst |
| 200.8 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lead, total | | 3.6 | 0.4 | ppb | 2 | | | | 05/24/24 0246 | RVV |
| Definitions | | | | | | | | | | |
| RL: | Reporting Limit | | | | | | | | | |

MICROBAC® Microbac Laboratories, Inc., Lenexa CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS 3HE0093

Report Comments

Reviewed and Approved By:

Genson Canalo

Carolyn Jackson Project Manager carolyn.jackson@microbac.com 05/24/24 12:18

The data and information on this, and other accompanying documents, represents only the sample(s) analyzed. This report is incomplete unless all pages indicated in the footnote are present and an authorized signature is included. The services were provided under and subject to Microbac's standard terms and conditions which can be located and reviewed at <<u>https://www.microbac.com/standard-terms-conditions></u>.

| LABÕR | | ES | | 600 E. 17th S Newton, IA 5 Phone: 641-7 | 0208 | | Wate | erloo, IA | ough Ave 50701 235-4440 | <u>_X</u> | 835 S Si Kansas Phone: S | | 66105 7856 | | 205 E Van Buren Centerville, IA 52 Phone: 641-437- | 544 |
|--|--|---|-----|---|-----------|----------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|-------------------|--|-----|
| A Microbac Company PRINT OR TYPE INFO BELOW: SAMPLER: SITE NAME: AG Building ADDRESS: 527 6th Street CITY/ST/ZIP: Bronaugh, Missouri 64728 PHONE: 913-837-6034 | | REPORT TO: NAME: Jeff Hurst CO. NAME: | | | | Aissouri 64188 | | | B | BILL TO: NAME: Jeff Hurst CO. NAME: ADDRESS: PO Box 471 CITY/ST/ZIP: Kansas City, PHONE: 816-678-785 EMAIL: jeffh@axiom | | | 7166 ity, Miss 7894 | /, Missouri 64188 | | |
| CLIENT SAMPLE # 527-1-RDF 527-4-RDF 527-5-RDF | HY 5/8/2024 5/8/2024 5/8/2024 | 10:40 10:39 10:38 | | AG Building - S Shop East Wall AG Building - S Room F100c AG Building - S Room F100b | ink Tap - | 1 1 1 | Water Water | Grab/COMPOSITE Grab | x x x x | | ALYSES RI | | | | LAB Wk Order #: Short Hold: Rush: Temp: Sample Condit | |
| Relinquied by: (Signature Muun Of Relinquied by: (Signature | bunk | Date: Time: Date: Time: | 5/1 | 10/2024 | Rec | ceived b | y: (Signa y: (Signa y: (Signa | ature) | | Date: Time: Date: Time: | | 5/151 12:0 | 124 | Rema | arks: | |

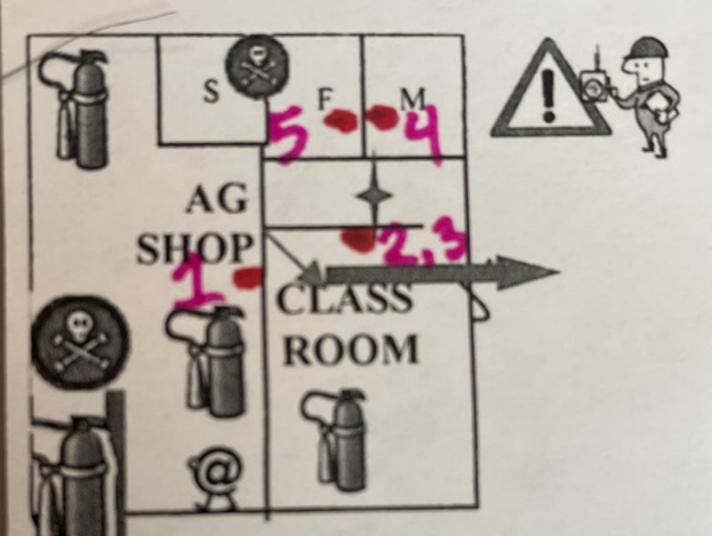


AXIOM Service Professionals PM: Carolyn Jackson Appendix D Photo Log



Appendix E Source Identification Diagram

ASP was provided sample locations by Bronaugh R-VI School District



S=STORAGE F=FEMALE RESTROOM RR=RESTROOM M=MALE RESTROOM FR= FURNACE N=NURSE



Electric Shut Off





